

Investor Education Youth Outreach

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presents

LIVE "STOCK" ADVENTURE



REQUIRED MATERIALS:

- Directions*
- Exchange Tracking Sheet*
- Student Ledger Sheet*
- Live "Stock" Adventure Mini-posters (4)*
 Post at front of room to track changes in "Stock" prices
- Deck of Live "Stock" Adventure Cards
 If using a standard deck of cards and NOT Adventure Cards, use Guide to
 Increase-Decrease in "Stock" Prices & Situations*
- Calculator or scratch paper for students and teacher, not included
- Pens or pencils for students and teacher, not included

*Available in printable PDF format at www.nasaa.org

GETTING STARTED

- Teacher Option: Refer to Teacher Resources at the end of the Conclusion section.
- Teacher Option: Students write an investment goal. Refer to Teacher Resources.
- Teacher Option: Discuss value of having a diverse portfolio of stocks—risky and conservative. Refer to Teacher Resources.
- Students decide what stocks (animals) to purchase with their virtual \$300.
- Purchase prices for stocks (animals) are:

Low Risk
 Medium Risk
 High Risk
 Wildcard
 Cow, Horse, Chicken = \$25 each
 Sheep, Donkey, Dog = \$50 each
 Duck, Rooster, Pig = \$75 each
 \$100

- The amount of increase/decrease per situation relates to the risk category.
- Increase and Decrease amounts for stocks (animals) are:

Low Risk
 Medium Risk
 High Risk
 Wildcard
 Cow, Horse, Chicken
 ↑ or ♥ \$ 5 each
 ↑ or ♥ \$15 each
 ↑ or ♥ \$25 each
 ↑ or ♥ \$25 each
 ↑ or ♥ \$75

- Students are <u>not</u> required to invest the entire \$300 on purchasing stocks. They may withhold an amount of their choice in cash. The less cash invested results in less market impact for students to experience.
- A student's stock value cannot go below zero. If a student's stock value computes to a negative number, the student records "0" for that stock's value.
- Each student receives 5 Student Ledger Sheets.
 - This Adventure is designed for students to complete 5 Rounds.
 - The teacher may modify that number as needed.
- Students label Round 1 through Round 5 (or modification) on Student Ledger Sheets.
- Allow time for corrections as students compute and verify prices.

EXCHANGE TRACKING SHEET

- The teacher or designated student is the exchange representative. The exchange representative does not complete a Student Ledger Sheet.
- Starting prices for each stock are on the Exchange Tracking Sheet. They are also listed in the Getting Started section as Purchase prices.
- The exchange representative records price changes for <u>all</u> animal stocks for <u>all</u> situations for <u>all</u> Rounds.
- After each Round (1-4), the exchange representative computes and records the *New Starting Price*. The exchange representative confirms the new starting price for student participants for each stock at the beginning of each new Round.
- After Round 5, the exchange representative computes the *Ending Price*.
- The Exchange Tracking Sheet is a master ledger for each Round. It is the key.

ROUND ONE

- Students complete name, class, date, and cash information on Student Ledger Sheet.
- In column B students record the *Starting Price* provided by the exchange representative for each stock.
- Students select (1) the animal stocks, and (2) the number of shares to purchase. The number of shares purchased remains the same for all 5 Rounds—no additional stock purchases or sales are permitted.
 - Students may purchase multiple shares of one or several stocks.

example: Student purchases 3 shares of the low-risk Cow stock 3 shares x \$25 each = \$75 worth of Cow stock



- In column D students record *Number Shares Purchased* for each animal stock purchased. The maximum amount students may invest is \$300.
- In column F Starting Value of Stock Holdings students record the product of multiplying column B Starting Price by column D Number Shares Purchased.
- Students answer three questions to verify their portfolio and cash values under columns B through F.
 - (1) Students total purchased stock holdings only.
 - (2) Students record amount of cash on hand (not invested). Cash on hand remains the same through all Rounds of the activity.
 - (3) Students total (1) and (2) to determine portfolio value. Total must equal \$300.
- Situation 1: Teacher draws and reads first situation card.
- In column G Situation 1 Adjustment students record the effect of increase or decrease for each animal stock owned. More than one stock may be affected per situation.
 - If the low-risk Horse increases per situation, students record + 5.00 or ↑5.
 - If the medium-risk Donkey increases per situation, students record + 15.00 or ↑15.

 - If there is no change to an animal stock owned, students record n/a.
- <u>Situations 2-5</u>: Follow the same process for Situation 1 above using columns H–K to record adjustments or n/a for each stock owned.
- In column L Sum of Adjustments students record the impact of adjustments of situations 1-5 by computing the combined increases and decreases recorded in columns G thru K.
- In column M students calculate the New Stock Price of each animal stock owned.

 Column B Starting Price + or column L Sum of Adjustments = column M New Stock Price for all stocks owned.
- To verify accuracy of students' computations, the exchange representative confirms column M New Stock Price for each animal stock.
- In column Q Ending Value of Stock Holdings students record the product of multiplying column M New Stock Price by column O Number Shares Purchased.
- Students answer three questions to verify their portfolio and cash values under columns M through Q.
 - (1) Students total *Ending Value of Stock Holdings* purchased for each stock owned.
 - (2) Students record amount of cash on hand (not invested).
 - (3) Students total (1) *Ending Value of Stock Holdings* and (2) cash on hand to determine portfolio net worth at the end of Round 1.

ROUNDS 2-5

- Students move to the next consecutive Student Ledger Sheet and appropriately label it Round 2, 3, 4, or 5. Students complete the name, class, date, and cash on hand.
- Students record the new Starting Price for each animal stock owned in column B. This amount is transferred from column M *New Stock Price* from previous Student Ledger Sheet as verified by the exchange representative.
- In Column D *Number Shares Purchased* students record the number from column D on previous ledger sheet. Students have the same stocks and the same number of shares for all five Rounds.
- In column F Starting Value of Stock Holdings students record the product of multiplying column B Starting Price by column D Number Shares Purchased.
- Students answer three questions to verify their portfolio and cash values under columns B through F.
 - (1) Students total purchased stock holdings only.
 - (2) Students record amount of cash on hand (not invested). Cash on hand remains the same through all Rounds of the activity.
 - (3) Students total (1) and (2) to determine portfolio value.



- Situation 1: Teacher draws and reads first situation card.
- In column G Situation 1 Adjustment students record the effect of increase or decrease for each animal stock owned. More than one stock may be affected per situation.
 - If the low-risk Horse increases per situation, students record + 5.00 or ↑5.
 - If the medium-risk Donkey increases per situation, students record + 15.00 or ↑15.

 - If there is no change to an animal stock owned, students record n/a.
- <u>Situations 2-5</u>: Follow the same process for Situation 1 above using columns H–K to record adjustments or n/a for each stock owned.
- In column L *Sum of Adjustments* students record the impact of adjustments of situations 1-5 by computing the combined increases and decreases recorded in columns G thru K.
- In column M students calculate the *New Stock Price* of each animal stock owned.

 Column B *Starting Price* + or column L *Sum of Adjustments* = column M *New Stock Price* for all stocks owned.
- To verify accuracy of students' computations, the exchange representative confirms column M *New Stock Price* for <u>each</u> animal stock.
- In column Q Ending Value of Stock Holdings students record the product of multiplying column M New Stock Price by column O Number Shares Purchased.
- Students answer three questions to verify their portfolio and cash values under columns M through Q.
 - (1) Students total *Ending Value of Stock Holdings* purchased for each stock owned.
 - (2) Students record amount of cash on hand (not invested).
 - (3) Students total (1) *Ending Value of Stock Holdings* and (2) cash on hand to determine portfolio net worth at end of each Round.

CONCLUSION

TEACHER OPTIONS

- Students complete the Total Percentage activity at the right of column Q.
- At the end of the final Round, teachers may choose to have:
 - class discussion or
 - student writing assignment.
- Possible topics for optional class discussion or student writing assignment include:
 - investment goals,
 - needs versus wants.
 - risk tolerance.
 - diversification.
 - opportunity cost,
 - budgeting,
 - profit versus loss,
 - Adventure's impact on student,
 - how to use profits,
 - how to protect students' money from securities fraud, or
 - related topic of teacher's choice.

TEACHER RESOURCES

- http://www.investorprotection.org/teach / Click The Basics of Saving and Investing: Investor Education 2020.
 - prepared and made available by Investor Protection Trust
 - Four units address most of the suggested topics above.
- http://www.nasaa.org/investor_education
 - Click on FSI: Fraud Scene Investigator for an optional securities fraud activity.

