

1 **BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION**

2 CARL J. KUNASEK

Chairman

3 JIM IRVIN

Commissioner

4 WILLIAM A. MUNDELL

Commissioner

5 In the matter of

6 CRAIG LYNN STOCKSLEGER

7 1105 West Roma

Phoenix, Arizona 85013

8 CRD #2192723,

9 Respondent.

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DOCKET NO. S-03335A-99-0000

DECISION NO. _____

**FINAL ORDER FOR RELIEF AND
CONSENT TO SAME**

11 **I.**

12 **INTRODUCTION**

13 CRAIG LYNN STOCKSLEGER (Stocksleger), elects to permanently waive his rights to a
14 hearing and appeal under Articles 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of Arizona, A.R.S. Section 44-1801, *et*
15 *seq.* (the Act), with respect to this Final Order for Relief and Consent to Same (the Order); admits the
16 jurisdiction of the Arizona Corporation Commission (Commission); neither admits nor denies the
17 Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law contained in the Order; and consents to entry of the Order by
18 the Commission.

19 **II.**

20 **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- 21 1. Stocksleger's last known address is 1105 West Roma, Phoenix, Arizona 85013.
- 22 2. From February 1993 to December 1996 Stocksleger was associated with SunAmerica
23 Securities, Inc., initially as a registered securities salesman, and from about October 1993 to December
24 1996 as a registered principal. Stocksleger was registered in Arizona in association with United
25 Pacific Securities, Inc. ("UPSI") from November 1996 to November 1998, and in association with
26 Sentra Securities Corporation from November 1998 to June 9, 1999. Stocksleger has not been a

1 registered securities salesman in Arizona since June 9, 1999. The Notice of Opportunity for Hearing
2 in this matter was filed on December 29, 1999.

3 3. Stocksleger also holds an Arizona license to transact business as an insurance agent, a
4 license which he has held since at least 1995. Stocksleger transacted business for both Jackson
5 National Life Insurance Company ("Jackson National") and USG Annuity & Life Company ("USG").

6 4. From February 1993 to July 1993 Jonathan Paul Williams was associated with
7 SunAmerica Securities, Inc., as a registered representative, and worked in the same office as
8 Stocksleger, 4455 E. Camelback Road Suite 260D, Phoenix, Arizona 85018. Stocksleger and
9 Williams have known one another since at least February 1993.

10 5. After leaving SunAmerica Securities, Inc., in September 1993, Williams became
11 associated with Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc. ("Merrill Lynch") as a registered
12 representative. Williams was terminated for cause by Merrill Lynch in or about August 1995, for
13 forging customers' names on federal tax forms. Since that time Williams has not been a registered
14 securities salesman in Arizona. Williams has held an Arizona license to transact business as an
15 insurance agent, since at least 1995. Williams transacted business for Jackson National, among other
16 insurance companies.

17 6. During 1995, prior to his termination by Merrill Lynch, Williams was not permitted by
18 Merrill Lynch rules to transact insurance business with Jackson National. During this period
19 Stocksleger helped Williams to deceive Merrill Lynch by representing to Jackson National that he was
20 the writing agent for annuities that had in fact been sold by Williams. Stocksleger received three
21 commission checks payable to his order from Jackson National, totaling \$39,816.82, in June and
22 August 1995, which he endorsed over to Williams, pursuant to this deceptive scheme.

23 7. From August 1995 through November 1997, Stocksleger shared office space with
24 Williams at one or both of these addresses: 3443 N. Central Ave. Suite 916, Phoenix, Arizona 85012,
25 and 2600 N. Central Ave. Suite 910, Phoenix, Arizona 85004.

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1 Williams were not true. In June of 1996, Williams was not associated with SunAmerica as a registered
2 representative, employee, agent, consultant, or in any other capacity. In addition, Williams has never
3 been a licensed attorney in the State of Arizona. Stocksleger did not tell Carter that Williams had been
4 terminated for cause from Merrill Lynch for forgery, although Stocksleger knew that was true.

5 16. Prior to or during the June 12, 1996 meeting, Stocksleger learned that Carter had
6 liquidated over \$240,000 worth of securities and other assets, using Todd Cleaver as his securities broker.
7 Stocksleger further learned that, upon Cleaver's advice, Carter had invested the proceeds obtained by
8 liquidating his assets, in four annuity contracts with USG Annuity & Life Company ("USG"). These
9 annuities bore USG policy numbers 417768, 422390, 425173, and 436010.

10 17. Also prior to or during the June 12, 1996 meeting, Stocksleger learned that Carter had
11 been advised by Jerrold Pfungsten, a licensed insurance agent, to surrender a fifth annuity contract that
12 Carter held with USG, policy number 274401. Pfungsten had further advised Carter that he should
13 reinvest the proceeds of this annuity into an annuity contract with American National Life ("American
14 National").

15 18. Stocksleger told Carter that Pfungsten was churning his account, that Cleaver had been
16 fired from SunAmerica for dishonest conduct, and that Carter should discontinue his associations with
17 both Pfungsten and Cleaver. In fact, Cleaver's association with SunAmerica had been terminated
18 voluntarily, and Cleaver had not been terminated by SunAmerica for dishonest conduct.

19 19. Relying upon Stocksleger's advice, Carter terminated his relationships with Pfungsten and
20 Cleaver. From June 1996 through December 1998, Carter trusted and relied upon Stocksleger with
21 respect to the management of Carter's financial affairs. In addition, Carter trusted and relied upon
22 Williams, who Carter at all times believed was working under Stocksleger's supervision and control,
23 because Stocksleger had introduced Williams as his assistant.

24 20. Stocksleger visited Carter on several additional occasions during June 1996 through at
25 least October 1997. On all or most of these occasions Stocksleger was accompanied by Williams.

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1 29. In August 1996, Carter received from USG a notice, along with four checks dated August
2 8, 1996, representing the surrender of his four remaining USG annuity investments. Carter had not
3 authorized the surrender of these USG annuities.

4 30. Upon receipt of these four August 8, 1996 USG checks, Carter contacted Stocksleger.
5 Stocksleger subsequently told Carter that Stocksleger had contacted USG and that the checks had been
6 issued by mistake. Stocksleger told Carter that USG would void the checks and reinstate Carter's
7 annuities. The August 8, 1996 checks were voided by USG.

8 31. In September 1996, someone sent instructions to USG purporting to be from Carter.
9 These instructions again directed the surrender of Carter's remaining four USG annuities.

10 32. Carter may have signed these September 11, 1996 surrender instructions, but Carter did
11 not send the instructions to USG, nor did he authorize anyone to send them.

12 33. Carter again received notice that his USG annuity accounts were being closed. Carter also
13 received four checks from USG, dated September 24, 1996, representing the proceeds of surrendering the
14 four annuities.

15 34. According to Carter, he called Stocksleger about these checks, and Stocksleger and
16 Williams then came to Carter's home.

17 35. According to Carter, Stocksleger told Carter that he had spoken with USG and assured
18 Carter that the issuance of these four checks was another mistake by USG that would be corrected. Carter
19 gave the USG checks dated September 24, 1996 to Stocksleger. Stocksleger promised to send these
20 checks back to USG for Carter.

21 36. Carter's 1996 calendar contains the following entries: September 30, "USG checks/called
22 Jon" and October 1, "Jon - USG money." Carter did not write Stocksleger's name on his 1996 calendar
23 after September 11.

24 37. Stocksleger did not send the September 24, 1996 checks belonging to Carter back to USG.

25 38. Instead, Stocksleger (or Williams or Dugan with Stocksleger's knowledge and consent)
26 sent three of the September 24, 1996 USG checks, totaling \$166,500.61, to Jackson National as part of

1 the premium that was paid on October 10, 1996, for a Jackson National annuity policy in Carter's name.
2 The remainder of the premium for the Jackson National annuity came from the \$63,750 American
3 National check that Carter had entrusted to Stocksleger in July or August 1996. The four checks totaled
4 \$230,250.61.

5 39. Jackson National issued a single-premium annuity policy in Carter's name, in the amount
6 of \$230,250.61, on or about October 10, 1996. Raymond Dugan was identified as the writing "agent"
7 with respect to the issuance of this annuity.

8 40. Carter did not authorize the investment of his funds in this Jackson National annuity and
9 had no knowledge that such an annuity policy existed. Carter had never heard of Jackson National.
10 Further, Carter did not know Dugan and did not authorize Dugan to act as his agent.

11 41. On or about October 20, 1996, Jackson National issued a commission check payable to
12 the order of Raymond E. Dugan, in the amount of \$29,301.64. This amount represented the total of the
13 commissions payable with respect to the "James Carter" annuity (\$18,420.05) and an annuity policy
14 issued to insure Jerry Clonce (\$10,881.59). The \$29,301.64 was deposited by Dugan into the Rose
15 Agency account at Wells Fargo Bank on October 24, 1996.

16 42. On or about October 29, 1996, Dugan wrote a check on the Rose Agency account payable
17 to the order of Craig Stocksleger, in the amount of \$28,400.00, writing the word "Commission" on the
18 memo line. This check represented the pass-through of the bulk of the Carter and Clonce commissions to
19 Stocksleger by Dugan. Stocksleger deposited this check into his account at Wells Fargo Bank on October
20 29, 1996. Not later than this date, Stocksleger knew that over \$230,000 of Carter's funds had been
21 moved to Jackson National, but Stocksleger did not discuss this fact with Carter. On or about October 31,
22 1996, Stocksleger wrote a check payable to the order of Jon Williams in the amount of \$20,250.00;
23 however this check does not indicate on its face what the payment was for.

24 43. On or about January 15, 1997, Stocksleger and/or Williams and/or Dugan sent Jackson
25 National a letter purporting to be from Carter, exercising a "free look" right with respect to the Jackson
26 National annuity. Carter did not write this letter. This letter was accompanied by an unsigned letter to

1 Jackson National purporting to be from Dugan, which represented to Jackson National that Dugan had
2 mislaid Carter's annuity policy in his office and had failed to deliver the policy to Carter. The purported
3 Dugan letter requested Jackson National to honor the "free look" exercise even though the deadline had
4 long since passed, which the company did.

5 44. On or about January 20, 1997, Jackson National issued a single check payable to the order
6 of James Carter in the amount of \$230,250.61.

7 45. Carter never received the Jackson National check. Stocksleger and/or Williams
8 intercepted the Jackson National check.

9 47. On February 10, 1997, Williams opened an account at Charles Schwab, account number
10 9432-0451, through a Phoenix branch of Schwab, in the names of Jon Williams and James Carter,
11 JTWROS.

12 48. On February 19, 1997 the Jackson National check in the amount of \$230,250.61 was
13 endorsed with Carter's name and deposited in Schwab account number 9432-0451, either by Stocksleger
14 or by Williams.

15 49. Carter did not endorse the Jackson National check and had no knowledge of its existence.

16 50. Carter did not authorize the deposit of his funds into account number 9432-0451 or any
17 other account at Schwab, and had no knowledge that such an account existed.

18 51. Carter did not authorize Williams or Stocksleger to deposit his funds into an account in the
19 joint names of Carter and Williams.

20 52. Williams took \$36,023.85 from the Schwab account for his own use, as follows: (A)
21 \$35,000 by "e.schwab" check drawn on the account by Williams, made payable to Bank One, endorsed
22 by Williams, on May 13, 1997, and (B) \$1,023.85 by Charles Schwab check made payable to Williams
23 and Carter jointly, endorsed by Williams and deposited in Williams's account at Bank One, on August 6,
24 1997.

1 61. Stocksleger told Carter that the “arbitration” had been resolved by compromise.
 2 Stocksleger further told Carter that as part of this alleged compromise, Carter’s money remained invested
 3 at USG in five annuities, with the original annuity policy numbers. The five annuities purportedly
 4 included number 274401, which Stocksleger misrepresented had been reinstated by USG after
 5 Stocksleger had sent the \$63,750 American National check to USG, as discussed above.

6 62. Stocksleger further told Carter that he could get his money back from USG, but that if he
 7 wanted to withdraw it from USG prior to November 1, 2001 the amount he would receive would be
 8 \$240,441.19 after early surrender penalties. Stocksleger further told Carter that if he would leave his
 9 money at USG until November 1, 2001 he would be entitled to receive the sum of \$359,523.83, including
 10 his original principal, cancellation of early surrender charges, and interest.

11 63. None of these representations by Stocksleger about the “arbitration” were true. There was
 12 no arbitration, Stocksleger had not sent the \$63,750 American National check to USG, annuity number
 13 274401 had not been reinstated by USG after its early surrender by Carter, and the terms of Carter’s
 14 remaining four annuity contracts had not been modified in any respect at Stocksleger’s request.

15 64. In 1997 Carter received four BankOne Official Checks that had been purchased by
 16 Williams Stocksleger, Inc., as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date of check</u>
17		
18	a. \$ 2,681	August 14, 1997
19	b. \$10,000	August 27, 1997
20	c. \$11,280	October 9, 1997
21	d. \$38,000	October 28, 1997

22 Williams Stocksleger, Inc., was an Arizona corporation formed on or about November 21, 1996, by Jon
 23 Williams as sole incorporator. It was dissolved on or about March 10, 1998, for failure to file its annual
 24 report with the Commission. The address of the corporation was 3443 N. Central Ave., #916, Phoenix,
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1 Arizona, an office that was shared by Williams and Stocksleger. The Division found no evidence that
2 Stocksleger held signatory power over any of the corporation's bank accounts at BankOne.

3 65. Stocksleger told Carter that the funds paid to him by these BankOne Official Checks, were
4 a partial return of Carter's money from USG pursuant to the fictitious "arbitration settlement."

5 66. Stocksleger told Carter that the total of these checks would be deducted from the amount
6 Carter was otherwise to have received from USG on November 1, 2001 pursuant to the fictitious
7 "arbitration settlement."

8 67. In fact, there was no arbitration settlement, and USG was not the source of the funds paid
9 to Carter by these four checks.

10 68. In fact, by the time Stocksleger made these representations to Carter, Williams had
11 completely depleted the Schwab account that contained Carter's money, by incurring trading losses,
12 commissions and margin interest, and by withdrawing funds for Williams's own use.

13 **Misappropriation of Two Bearer Bonds**

14 69. In March or April 1997 Carter told Stocksleger that Carter's bank had begun to charge
15 him a fee of \$40 to cash the interest coupons (totaling just over \$300) on two municipal bonds that Carter
16 owned. Carter told Stocksleger that he did not want to pay this fee.

17 70. In April 1997 Stocksleger and Williams visited Carter at his home.

18 71. Stocksleger told Carter that Stocksleger could collect the municipal bond interest for
19 Carter free of fees, because Stocksleger was a registered securities salesman affiliated with a broker-
20 dealer firm.

21 72. Carter handed his two bearer bonds to Stocksleger and Williams.

22 73. The bonds that Carter entrusted to Stocksleger and Williams were Yuma County, Arizona,
23 Hospital District general obligation bonds, dated May 1, 1978, bearing a coupon interest rate of 6.35%,
24 maturing November 15, 2007, callable on or after May 15, 1989, cusip number 988593BR9, certificate
25 numbers 242 and 1565, with a face value of \$5,000 each, totaling \$10,000.
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1 to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact, or omitted to state material facts necessary in
2 order to make the statements made, not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they
3 were made; and (iii) engaged in transactions, practices or courses of business which operated or would
4 operate as a fraud or deceit. Stocksleger's conduct includes but is not limited to, the following acts
5 which constitute violations of A.R.S. Section 44-1991:

- 6
- 7 a) In order to cause Carter to distrust Pflingsten and Cleaver and to trust himself and
8 Williams, Stocksleger misrepresented Williams's credentials, omitted to state that
9 Williams had been terminated for cause from Merrill Lynch for forgery, and told
10 Carter that Cleaver had been fired from SunAmerica for dishonesty, which was not
11 true.
- 12 b) Stocksleger persuaded Carter to cancel the American National annuity, and
13 Stocksleger took possession of the American National check, which had been
14 endorsed by Carter, but did not send the check to USG as he had promised.
- 15 c) In order to conceal the misappropriation of the proceeds of the American National
16 annuity, Stocksleger told Carter that Stocksleger had sent the \$63,750 American
17 National check to USG and that USG annuity number 274401 had been reinstated
18 on Carter's behalf; these representations were not true.
- 19 d) Stocksleger took possession of, or knew that Williams had taken possession of, at
20 least three of the USG checks representing proceeds of USG annuities that Carter
21 had purchased through Cleaver, but Stocksleger did not send the checks back to
22 USG and knew that Williams did not send the checks to USG.
- 23 e) In order to conceal the misappropriation of the proceeds of the American National
24 annuity and of the proceeds of the USG annuities, Stocksleger told Carter there
25 had been an "arbitration settlement," which required Carter to leave his money
26 invested at USG until at least November 1, 2001, and Stocksleger continued to
make misrepresentations to Carter about this fictitious arbitration settlement from
at least August 1996 through October 1997.
- f) Stocksleger's misrepresentations, breach of trust and active concealment as alleged
in subparagraphs (a) through (e) were part of a device, scheme or artifice, the
purpose of which was to obtain control of Carter's funds and use them to trade
securities.
- g) Stocksleger's misrepresentations and active concealment as alleged in
subparagraphs (a) through (e), constituted material misrepresentations and/or
material omissions.

- 1 h) The transactions, practices or course of business engaged in by Stocksleger, as
2 alleged in subparagraphs (a) through (e), operated as a fraud or deceit upon Carter.
3
4 i) Stocksleger, together with Williams, took possession of two bearer bonds
5 belonging to Carter but did not deposit the interest payable on the bonds into
6 Carter's account at Norwest as they had promised. They did not return the bonds
7 to Carter despite his demand that they do so.

8 3. Stocksleger's conduct constitutes grounds for the Commission to order him to cease
9 and desist from violations of the Act, pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032.

10 4. Stocksleger's conduct constitutes grounds for the Commission to order restitution under
11 A.R.S. § 44-2032.

12 5. Stocksleger's conduct constitutes grounds for the Commission to order penalties under
13 A.R.S. § 44-2036.

14 6. Stocksleger's conduct constitutes grounds for the revocation of Stocksleger's registration
15 as a securities salesman pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-1962(2), (4), (9) and (10) on the grounds that
16 Stocksleger has violated provisions of the Securities Act, specifically A.R.S. Section 44-1991;
17 Stocksleger lacks integrity or is not of good business reputation; Stocksleger is guilty of one or more
18 fraudulent acts or practices in connection with the purchase or sale of securities; and Stocksleger has
19 engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities industry.

20 **IV.**

21 **ORDER**

22 THEREFORE, on the basis of the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Commission
23 finds that the following Order is appropriate, in the public interest and necessary for the protection of
24 investors.

25 1. IT IS ORDERED pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032 that Craig Lynn Stocksleger shall
26 permanently CEASE AND DESIST from violations of the Act.

2. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032 that Stocksleger shall pay
restitution in the amount of \$17,853.24, based upon return of the commission that Dugan passed

1 through to him, together with interest at the statutory rate of 10% per annum on all unpaid amounts
2 accruing from the date of entry of the Order. Restitution funds shall be paid to the Arizona Attorney
3 General and shall be deposited into an interest-bearing account. The restitution plus interest may be paid
4 in installments, as provided in paragraph 4 below.

5 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2036 that Stocksleger shall pay
6 administrative penalties of \$5,000 together with interest at the statutory rate of 10% per annum on all
7 unpaid amounts accruing from the date of entry of the Order, to the "Arizona State Treasurer" for deposit
8 in the General Fund of Arizona. The penalties plus interest may be paid in monthly installments, as
9 provided in paragraph 4 below.

10 4. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that Stocksleger may pay the restitution and penalties
11 ordered as follows: \$5,000 upon entry of this Order, and no less than \$500.00 per month on or before the
12 1st day of each month beginning August 1, 2000, until paid in full. All amounts received will be applied
13 first to restitution and interest thereon until restitution has been paid in full. Failure to make any payment
14 as provided under this Order shall be deemed a default, and all amounts ordered as restitution and penalties
15 shall become immediately due and payable.

16 5. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if Stocksleger fails to fully comply with the terms of this
17 Order, including the payment due dates, the amount of the administrative penalties will be increased to
18 \$10,000.

19 6. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-1962 that Stocksleger's securities
20 salesman registration is revoked upon entry of this Order.

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1 CONSENT BY CRAIG LYNN STOCKSLEGER TO THE ENTRY, BY THE CORPORATION
2 COMMISSION, OF A FINAL ORDER FOR RELIEF AND WAIVER OF HEARING

3 1. Respondent, CRAIG LYNN STOCKSLEGER (Stocksleger) admits the jurisdiction of
4 the Arizona Corporation Commission (Commission) over the subject matter of this proceeding, and
5 acknowledges that he has been fully advised of his right to a hearing to present evidence and call
6 witnesses. Stocksleger knowingly and voluntarily waives all rights to a hearing before the
7 Commission and all other procedures otherwise available under Article 11 of the Securities Act of
8 Arizona (Act), Chapter 12 of Title 44 of the Arizona Revised Statutes, and Title 14 of the Arizona
9 Administrative Code. Stocksleger acknowledges that the accompanying Final Order for Relief and
10 Consent to Same (Order) constitutes a valid final order duly rendered by the Commission.

11 2. Stocksleger knowingly and voluntarily waives any right he may have under Article 12
12 of the Act to judicial review by any court by way of suit, appeal or extraordinary relief resulting from
13 the entry of the Order.

14 3. Stocksleger acknowledges and agrees that he enters into the Order freely and
15 voluntarily and that no promise was made nor any coercion used to induce Stocksleger to enter into it.

16 4. Stocksleger acknowledges that he has been represented by counsel in this matter, and
17 that he has reviewed the Order with his attorney and understands all the terms and obligations contained
18 in the Order.

19 5. Stocksleger, solely for purposes of this proceeding, neither admits nor denies the
20 Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law contained in the Order. Stocksleger agrees that he shall not
21 challenge their validity in any present or future administrative proceedings before the Commission
22 concerning the denial or issuance of any licenses or registrations.

23 6. Nothing in this Order affects Stocksleger's right to take positions in contested
24 proceedings in which the Commission is not a party, or the decision-maker.

1 7. Stocksleger consents to the entry of the Order and agrees to be fully bound by its terms
2 and conditions. Stocksleger further acknowledges that should he fail to comply with any and all
3 provisions of the Order, the Commission may enforce the Order in Superior Court pursuant to A.R.S.
4 § 44-2036(C). In addition, the Commission may impose additional sanctions and costs and seek other
5 appropriate relief subject to Stocksleger's right to a hearing pursuant to the Act.

6 8. Stocksleger further understands that default will render him liable to the Commission
7 for its costs of collection and interest at the maximum legal rate.

8 9. Stocksleger agrees that as a part of the settlement reached herein, he will not apply for
9 registration as a securities dealer or salesperson, or for licensure as an investment adviser or investment
10 adviser representative, under the Securities Act of Arizona or the Investment Management Act of
11 Arizona, at any time in the future.

12 10. Stocksleger acknowledges that the Order resolves only alleged administrative violations
13 of the Act and that nothing contained in the Order purports to resolve any other issues which may exist
14 between Stocksleger and the State. Nothing in the Order shall be construed to restrict or preclude any
15 other agency or officer of the State of Arizona or its subdivisions from initiating other civil or criminal
16 proceedings against Stocksleger, now or in the future, that may be related to the matter addressed by
17 the Order and the Consent. Nothing in the Order shall be construed to restrict the State's right in a
18 future proceeding to bring an action against Stocksleger from or related to facts not set forth in the
19 Order.

20 11. Stocksleger acknowledges that he has been informed and understands that the
21 Commission or its designee, at the Commission's sole and exclusive discretion, may refer or grant
22 access to this matter, or any information or evidence gathered in connection with this matter, to any
23 person or entity having appropriate administrative, civil or criminal jurisdiction. Stocksleger
24 acknowledges that no representations regarding the above have been made so as to induce him to enter

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1 into this Order, including the fact that no promise or representation has been made by the Commission
2 or its designee or staff with regard to any potential criminal liability or immunity from any potential
3 criminal liability.

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7 _____
Craig Lynn Stocksleger

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9 SUBSCRIBED TO AND SWORN BEFORE me this ____ day of _____, 2000, by
10 CRAIG LYNN STOCKSLEGER.

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12 _____
NOTARY PUBLIC

13 My Commission Expires:
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